

HISTORY, HERITAGE AND ARCHAEOLOGY

Glasgow, Ayrshire & Arran, Dumfries & Galloway and Argyll & the Isles



Q Iona Abbey, Isle of Iona, Argyll



Q House for an Art Lover, Glasgow



Q Mount Stuart, Isle of Bute, Argyll



Q Caerlaverock Castle, near Dumfries

Discover Scotland's rich history, heritage and archaeology. From the remains of our earliest settlements going back thousands of years, through the turbulent times of the Middle Ages and on to the Scottish Enlightenment and the Industrial Revolution, every area of Scotland has its own tale to share with visitors.

The city of Glasgow has a stunning mix of architectural styles, not least the art nouveau buildings created by celebrated Glasgow architect and designer Charles Rennie Mackintosh. You can explore the area's rich industrial heritage at sites such as the Titan Crane, which recalls the heyday of the city's shipping industry, or New Lanark, a beautifully restored 18th century cotton mill village, now a UNESCO World Heritage Site.

EVENTS

JANUARY Celtic Connections, various venues, Glasgow
www.celticconnections.com

JANUARY Big Burns Supper, Dumfries
www.bigburnssupper.com

MAY Burns an' a' that Festival, various venues, Ayrshire
www.burnsfestival.com

MAY Isle of Arran Mountain Festival, various venues, Arran
www.arranmountainfestival.co.uk

AUGUST Cowal Highland Gathering, Dunoon
www.cowalgathering.com

OCTOBER Mackintosh Festival, various venues, Glasgow
www.glasgowmackintosh.com/festival

The history and heritage of Ayrshire & Arran has many facets ranging from ancient stone circles to splendid castles. Culzean Castle was a favourite holiday spot of US President Eisenhower – there's even an apartment named after him within the Castle. This is also the birthplace of Scotland's celebrated national poet Robert Burns.

Some of Scotland's most magnificent castles also can be found in Dumfries & Galloway, from the unique moated Caerlaverock Castle to the impressive Drumlanrig Castle, seat of the Dukes of Buccleuch. Perhaps the most famous place of all is Gretna Green to which many couples have eloped since the 18th century.

Many places in Argyll give a special feeling of connection with the distant past. These include the peaceful sanctuary of Iona Abbey, Finlaggan - the ancient seat of the Lordship of the Isles, and Kilmartin Glen which includes 800 internationally significant prehistoric sites. Don't miss fairytale Inveraray Castle, seat of the Duke of Argyll and head of Clan Campbell, and Mount Stuart on the Isle of Bute, perhaps Scotland's most unusual stately home.

DAY 1 - GLASGOW & CLYDE VALLEY



1
New Lanark World Heritage Site – one of Scotland's six UNESCO World Heritage sites, New Lanark is a beautifully preserved Scottish cotton mill village established in the 18th century. Discover why it became known for its enlightened management and social pioneering during the Industrial Revolution.
T: 01555 661345
E: trust@newlanark.org
www.newlanark.org



2
Hunterian Museum and Art Gallery – is Scotland's oldest public museum (founded in 1807) contains a fascinating range of exhibits, including Roman artefacts, scientific instruments used by James Watt, and the world's largest single holdings of works by Charles Rennie Mackintosh and John McNeill Whistler.
T: 0141 330 4221
E: hunterian-enquiries@glasgow.ac.uk
www.gla.ac.uk/hunterian



3
The Titan Crane – stands as testament to the proud heritage of the area's shipping industry. Erected in 1907, it was used to help fit various ships including the Lusitania, the Queen Mary, the Royal Yacht Britannia and the QE2. Take the lift to the top to enjoy views of the River Clyde and surrounding countryside.
T: 07538 842596
E: info@clydebankrebuilt.co.uk
www.titanclydebank.com



4
House for an Art Lover – was originally designed by Mackintosh as an 'elegant country retreat for a person of taste and culture', it's a fabulous example of his distinctive art nouveau style. Follow the Mackintosh Trail to discover more about how his vision shaped many of Glasgow's most distinctive buildings.
T: 01413 534770
E: info@houseforanartlover.co.uk
www.houseforanartlover.co.uk

DAY 2 - DUMFRIES & GALLOWAY



1
Drumlanrig Castle – is the seat of the Dukes of Buccleuch, this is one of Scotland's most important Renaissance buildings.. The magnificent rooms contain spectacular collections of silver, porcelain, furniture and art, while the surrounding Queensberry Estate contains a country park and Victorian gardens.
T: 01848 331 555
E: info@drumlanrigcastle.co.uk
www.drumlanrigcastle.co.uk



2
Robert Burns House – in this house, Scotland's national poet spent the last years of his life, writing some of his best known poems. Wordsworth, Coleridge and Keats are known to have visited it. See original manuscripts and some of Burns' personal belongings, including his desk and chair in the study where he created some of his finest works.
T: 01387 255297
E: dumfries.museum@dumgal.gov.uk
www.dumgal.gov.uk



3
Gretna Green Famous Blacksmith's Shop – this famous place is where couples have come to marry since 1754, when the introduction of stricter English marriage laws caused countless couples to flee across the border to take advantage of Scotland's more lenient laws. Find out why this unique venue is still popular with brides and grooms today.
T: 01461 337893
E: groups@gretnagreen.com
www.gretnagreen.com



4
Caerlaverock Castle – with its moat, twin-towered gatehouse and imposing battlements, Caerlaverock Castle is the epitome of the medieval stronghold and one of the finest castle ruins in Scotland. Its turbulent history owes much to its proximity to England which brought it into border conflicts, recounted in the siege warfare exhibition.
T: 0131 668 8831
E: trade@hes.scot
www.historicenvironment.scot

DAY 3- AYRSHIRE & ARRAN



1
Brodict Castle – Arran's example of Scottish baronial style dates from 1844, but in fact the history of the site goes back more than 800 years, with settlers having included ancient kings, the Vikings, and various Scottish clans. Today it's an opulent country house with stunning views and gardens to explore.
T: 01314 580204
E: traveltrade@nts.org.uk
www.nts.org.uk/brodictcastle



2
Robert Burns Birthplace Museum – explore the famous Burns Cottage where Scotland's national poet was born, the historic landmarks where he set his greatest poems, and a modern museum housing the world's most important collection of his life and works.
T: 01314 580204
E: traveltrade@nts.org.uk
www.burnsmuseum.org.uk



3
Culzean Castle – with its dramatic clifftop setting, Robert Adam architecture and fascinating history, change to: this 18th century castle is one of Scotland's most popular attractions. The castle offers self-catering accommodation, including the Eisenhower, which was the former US president's holiday home.
T: 01314 580204
E: traveltrade@nts.org.uk
www.nts.org.uk/culzeancastle

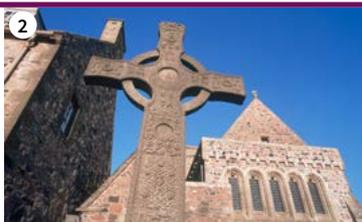


4
Machrie Moor Standing Stones – The Isle of Arran is rich in prehistoric sites, including the remains of six stone Bronze Age circles. Machrie Moor is strewn with standing stones, burial cairns and hut circles, some of which are thought to date back to more than 4,500 years ago. Enjoy fine views to snow-capped Goat Fell.
T: 01316 688831
E: trade@hes.scot
www.historicenvironment.scot

DAY 4 - ARGYLL & THE ISLES



1
Kilmartin Museum – discover the story of Kilmartin Glen, Scotland's richest prehistoric landscape. Home to over 800 internationally significant prehistoric sites dating back over 5,000 years, including rock art, standing stones, Neolithic and Bronze Age burial cairns and Dunadd Hill Fort, home to Scotland's earliest kings.
T: 01546 510278
E: admin@kilmartin.org
www.kilmartin.org



2
Iona Abbey – the serene Isle of Iona is home to one of the oldest and most sacred religious places in Western Europe. The tiny island has been a vibrant centre of Christian worship since St Columba arrived there in AD 563. The Abbey and Nunnery were founded around 1200. Today the Abbey is a lovely tranquil place.
T: 0131 668 8831
E: trade@hes.scot
www.historicenvironment.scot



3
Inveraray Castle – the ancestral home of the Duke of Argyll, Chief of Clan Campbell. The Campbells arrived in Argyll in 1220 to take charge of the King's lands and have played a prominent role in the area's history ever since. The castle's fairytale façade was developed in the 18th century and is based on a French chateau design.
T: 01499 302203
E: enquiries@inveraray-castle.com
www.inveraray-castle.com



4
Finlaggan – the islands of Loch Finlaggan on the Isle of Islay contain the remains of the Lordship of the Isles. These Macdonald Lords were descended from Somerled, a 12th century prince, and they chose Finlaggan as their home. The area's unique atmosphere and the interpretive centre add to the experience.
T: 01496 840 644
E: finlaggan@outlook.com
www.finlaggan.org

Please note some attractions have seasonal opening hours. Please check opening times with the attraction.

For more ideas and contacts go to www.visitscotlandtraveltrade.com or email traveltrade@visitscotland.com